

Male bobolink

Species-at-Risk: Insect-Eating Birds

Insectivorous birds are those whose diet is mostly made up of insects. They are a crucial part of a healthy ecosystem and also serve as natural pest control. Many species that fall into this category are in global decline. The reasons for these declines are not all known, but may include changes or declines in insect populations due to climate change, pesticides use and habitat loss. At-risk insectivorous birds that nest in Prince Edward Island include the bobolink, barn swallow, bank swallow and common nighthawk.

Agriculture is a significant industry in PEI, and farms provide important habitat for certain insectivorous bird species on the Island. Since 2014, Island Nature Trust has been working with rural landowners to monitor and protect the habitat of two bird species, the bobolink and barn swallow, in farm and grassland landscapes. Both of these species prospered in PEI during the 1700s, when settlers began clearing land and raising barns, but have since disappeared from many Island locales.



Male bobolink by Donna Giberson



Female bobolink by Caroline Palmer

The bobolink (Dolichonyx oryzivorus) is a grassland species, feeding on insects as well as rice and grains, with a preference for managed hayfields in PEI to nest and raise young. Modern practices of cutting hay early for sweeter forage and silage eliminates whole fields as nesting habitat, because the young do not have enough time to fledge before the field is cut and cannot get out of the way of the harvesting equipment. The bobolink was classed as threatened by the Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC) in 2010 and protected under the federal Species at Risk Act (SARA) in 2017. The bobolink population in Canada has decreased by 88% over the last 40 years.



Barn swallow by Carolyn Cockram

The barn swallow (Hirundo rustica) is an aerial insectivore that nests in old built structures. On PEI, barn swallows may be found building their nests inside barns, other farm buildings, or in fishing shacks at the many small craft harbours that dot the coastline. Newer metal outbuildings and locked up doors do not accommodate this species' needs for mud-based nests attached to rough, unfinished interior wood timbers. The barn swallow was classed as threatened by COSEWIC in 2011 and protected under SARA in 2017. It has seen a decline in population of 76% since the 1980s.



Fledgling barn swallows by Jackie Waddell

The bank swallow (Riparia riparia) is another aerial insectivore that breeds in PEI. It inhabits coastal regions, with adults building nests in colonies in the sides of shoreline banks, dunes and cliffs. The bank swallow was classed as threatened by COSEWIC in 2013 and protected under SARA in 2017, having lost 98% of the population over the last 40 years.

INT's Farmland Birds Conservation Program

In 2014, Island Nature Trust began an outreach program aimed at creating greater awareness of barn swallow and bobolink and their habitat needs in Island rural communities. Once Islanders understood what needed to be done, many embraced the practices that give these two birds a fighting chance to successfully raise their young. Volunteer landowners in the Farmland Birds program use simple fridge forms to track important arrival, nesting and departure dates for PEI birds each year. Some also provide access to their land so INT staff can monitor the breeding success of the two species. Now 4 years old, this program is providing local data on populations of these at-risk bird species that can inform national recovery programs in the future.

The following are best management practices that INT advocates for bobolink, barn swallow and bank swallow:

• Delay haying until after July 15th each year, to avoid destroying bobolink nests and young; the Province now offers a financial incentive to landowners under the Alternate Land Use

Services (ALUS) program to delay the cut (ask us at the office for more information and contact details)

- If you wish to retain an open, unforested landscape on your property, mow unused fields every 2–3 years to maintain grassland habitat for bobolink and other nesting grassland birds
- Open doors or windows of out buildings by mid-April to allow nesting access for barn swallows
- Install nesting ledges for barn swallows if there are no safe surfaces away from cats, raccoons and other predators in your outbuilding (ledges available at the office)
- Preserve bank swallow nesting colonies by opting not to install rock armour where the colonies occur
- Do not mow or farm right up to coastal edges as this destabilizes the bank and can damage bank swallow nest cavities
- Volunteer for the Farmland Birds Program (contact us to find out how (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/about/contact-us/))

For more information about the species listed here and how you can help, check out the following factsheets:

- Bank Swallow Fact Sheet (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/wp-content/uploads/Bank-Swallow-Factsheet.pdf)
- Barn Swallow Fact Sheet (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/wp-content/uploads/Barn-Swallow-Factsheet.pdf)
- Bobolink Fact Sheet (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/wp-content/uploads/Bobolink-Factsheet.pdf)

IN THIS SECTION:

Protecting Wildlife (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/protecting-wildlife/)

Species at Risk: Piping Plover (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/protecting-wildlife/piping-plover/)

Species-at-Risk: Insect-Eating Birds (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/protecting-wildlife/insect-eating-birds/)

Forest Birds (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/protecting-wildlife/forest-birds/)

Important Bird Areas (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/protecting-wildlife/important-bird-areas/)

Other Wildlife Programs (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/protecting-wildlife/other-wildlife-programs/)

CONTACT US

Island Nature Trust P.O. Box 265 Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island Canada C1A 7K4 902-892-7513 or 902-566-9150 admin@islandnaturetrust.ca

OUR OFFICE LOCATION ▶ (HTTPS://WWW.ISLANDNATURETRUST.CA/ABOUT/CONTACT-US/)

READ OUR LATEST NEWS

2019 Passport to Nature (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/2019-passport-to-nature/)

For the first time ever we have created a Passport to Nature. The passport ... Read More (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/2019-passport-to-nature/)

Call for Nominations for Hon. J. Angus MacLean Natural Areas Award - 2019 (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/call-for-nominations-for-hon-j-angus-maclean-natural-areas-award-2019/)

The Hon. J. Angus MacLean Natural Areas award is an award program established by ... Read More (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/call-for-nominations-for-hon-j-angus-maclean-natural-areas-award-2019/)

Celebrating 40 Years of Conservation (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/celebrating-40-years-of-conservation/)

2019 marks Island Nature Trust's 40th Anniversary! To celebrate this milestone, Island Nature Trust hosted ... Read More (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/celebrating-40-years-of-conservation/)

Island Nature Trust Workshops (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/island-nature-trust-workshops/)

For our 40th anniversary year, we have partnered with local experts to offer a ... Read More (https://www.islandnaturetrust.ca/island-nature-trust-workshops/)

SUPPORT THE ISLAND NATURE TRUST

Island Nature Trust depends on the generosity of Islanders, Island businesses and other conservationminded people and organizations to raise funds for all of our operational, land acquisition, stewardship and project expenses.

DONATE NOW! > (HTTPS://WWW.CANADAHELPS.ORG/DN/8624)

© 2019 Island Nature Trust	f		0
	(htt		(htt
	ps://		ps://
	WW	y	ww
	w.fa	(htt	w.in
	ceb	ps://	stag
	ook.	twitt	ram.
	com	er.c	com
	/isla	om/	/isla
	ndn	pein	ndn
	atur	atur	atur
	etru	etru	etru
	st/)	st)	st/)